

## Digital Video Camera Module

## **Technical Manual**



XCG-U100CR XCG-5005CR

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### Overview

The XCG-U100CR/XCG-5005CR is a color digital video camera module that supports 1000BASE-T interface.

### **Features**

### **GigE Vision-compliant**

Conforming to GigE Vision version 1.2 standards, this unit is capable of transmitting uncompressed images at high efficiency.

### High image quality

Progressive-scan CCD produces high-precision, high-speed images.

The XCG-U100CR equips a 2,000,000-pixel CCD that enables image output at 27 frames per second. The XCG-5005CR equips a 5,000,000-pixel CCD that enables image output at 15 frames per second. By adopting square pixels, images can be processed using the original aspect ratio without a converting procedure.

### **Body fixing**

The screw holes to install the camera module are located under the front and rear panels. Installing the camera module at these points minimizes deviation of the optical axis.

### Various mode settings

The following mode settings can be configured via controls from the host device.

- Gain
- · Read mode: Normal
- Partial scan
- Shutter: Normal/Trigger shutter
- Shutter speed
- Gamma
- Switching an output Bit Length
- Binarization
- White Balance

## External trigger shutter function (2 to 1/100,000 sec.)

You can obtain still images by synchronizing with external trigger signals and operating the shutter at your own timing. This function is useful to shoot a fastmoving object clearly.

### Partial scan

The camera module can limit the number of effective video output lines to achieve high frame rates, enabling high-speed image processing.

### Frame rate control

You can change the frame rate while maintaining the shutter setting. This is useful when you want to reduce packet sizes per time by lowering the frame rate and reduce network traffic.

### Note

Normal connection between the camera and the host system may not be established if the camera is turned on before system initialization is complete on the host device. Wait for completion of host device system initialization before turning on the camera.



## **Notes on Operation**

### **Power supply**

You can supply power via the DC connector using the power adapter.

Use DC-700/700CE which is the stable power source free from ripple or noise.

### Locations for operation and storage

Avoid operation or storage in the following places.

- Extremely hot or cold locations. Operating temperature is -10 °C to +50 °C (14 °F to 122 °F).
- Locations subject to strong vibration or shock.
- Near generators of strong electromagnetic radiation such as TV or radio transmitters.

### Care

Use a blower to remove dust from the surface of the lens or optical filter. Clean the exterior with a soft, dry cloth. If the camera is very grimy, apply a cloth soaked in a mild detergent then wipe with a dry cloth. Do not apply organic solvents such as alcohol or benzine which may damage the finish.

#### Note on laser beams

Laser beams may damage a CCD. You are cautioned that the surface of a CCD should not be exposed to laser beam radiation in an environment where a laser beam device is used.

### Note

Some fading will occur with the color filter of the color CCD after prolonged exposure to bright light. In addition, some variation may occur in the spectral sensitivity characteristics of the built-in infrared-cut filter for reasons such as change over time. The above factors may result in variation in coloring after extensive use of the camera, but this does not indicate a malfunction.

In such cases, simply readjust the white balance.

## **Typical CCD Phenomena**

The following effects on the monitor screen are characteristic of CCD cameras.

They do not indicate any fault with the camera module.

### **Smear**

This occurs when shooting a very bright object such as electric lighting, the sun, or a strong reflection. This phenomenon is caused by an electric charge induced by infrared radiation deep in the photosensor. It appears as a vertical smear, since the CCD imaging element uses an interline transfer system.

### Vertical aliasing

When you shoot vertical stripes or lines, they may appear jagged.

#### **Blemishes**

A CCD image sensor consists of an array of individual sensor elements (pixels). A malfunctioning sensor element will cause a single pixel blemish in the picture. (This is generally not a problem.)

### White speckles

While CCD image pickup device is made by an accurate technique, imperceptible speckless may rarely come up on the screen due to cosmic rays and so on. This is connected to the principle of CCD image pickup device, not a malfunction. And the white speckless are easy to come up in the following conditions.

- Using the camera in high temperature
- When turning up the gain

### Level difference between left and right

As CCD used in XCG-5005CR adopts the left-right 2 ch output system, left half and right half of the image area are output individually. Sometimes a level difference may appear in the center of the window according to the setting mode of the camera. This is not a malfunction.

### **Blooming**

This is a phenomenon in which the light from very bright objects appears to overflow into neighboring areas in an image.

### Note

If strong light enters a wide area of the screen, the screen may become dark.

This is not a malfunction. If this occurs, avoid strong light or adjust the lens iris to reduce the light amount.

## **System Components**

The Camera Module system comprises the following optional products (sold separately from the Camera Module).



Camera Module

This is a small-size, high-resolution, video camera module using a progressive scan CCD image sensor.



CCXC-12P02N (2 m, 6.6 ft)/ 05N (5 m, 16.4 ft)/10N (10 m, 32.8 ft)/25N (25 m, 82 ft) camera cable This is attached to the DC connector on the rear panel of the camera module and is used for power supply and exchange of trigger signals.



For XCG-U100CR/5005CR, use a high-resolution lens.

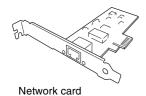


This is connected to the camera module to enable power supply from ordinary AC power source.



VCT-ST70I tripod adaptor

This attaches to the bottom of the camera module to fix the camera module to a tripod.



(commercially available)

Install the board in the expansion slot of the host device (ex: computer). Select a card that is appropriate for your system and that supports 1000BASE-T and jumbo packets.

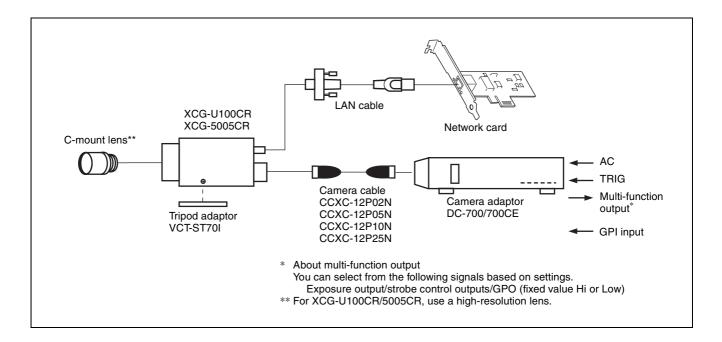


LAN cable (commercially available)

This cable connects to the RJ45 connector on the rear panel of the camera module. Image/control signals are transmitted via this cable. Select a LAN cable that supports 1000BASE-T (CAT5e or higher cable standard).

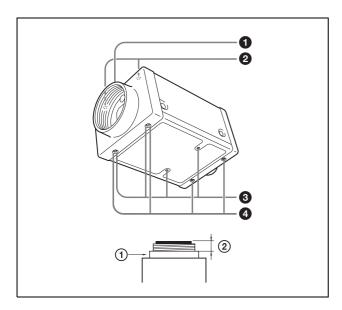
Depending on the attributes of the LAN cable, images may become less clear and the camera module may become unstable. Be sure to use a LAN cable that has sufficient noise reduction.

## **Connection**



## **Location and Function of Parts and Operation**

### Front/Top/Bottom



### 1 Lens mount (C-mount)

### Note

The lens must not project more than 10 mm (13/32 inch) from the lens mount.

① Lens mount face ② 10 mm (13/32 inch) or less

### **2** Guide screw holes (Top)

## **3** Guide screw holes/Tripod screw holes (bottom) When using a tripod use these four screw holes to attach

When using a tripod, use these four screw holes to attach a VCT-ST70I tripod adaptor.

### Note

Use the screws (M2  $\times$  6 (2); M3  $\times$  8 (2)) supplied with the tripod adaptor when installing it on the camera module.

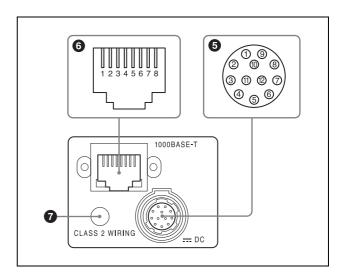
### **4** Reference screw holes (bottom)

These precision screw holes are for locking the camera module. Locking the camera module into these holes secures the optical axis alignment.

### Note

Refer to XCG-U100CR/XCG-5005CR Demensions in page 38 for about the position/size of the Guide hole and the Reference hole.

### Rear



### **5** DC (DC power input) connector (12-pin)

You can connect a camera cable CCXC-12P05N etc. to input the +12 V DC power supply. The pin configuration of this connector is as follows. For details on the pin arrangement, see the following table.

Pin No.	Signal	Pin No.	Signal
1	Ground	7	GPI input (ISO +)
2	12 V DC	8	Ground
3	Ground	9	NC
4	Multi-function output* (TTL)	10	NC
5	Multi-function output* (ISO –)	11	Triger input
6	Multi-function output* (ISO +)	12	GPI input (ISO –)

### \* About multi-function output

You can select from the following signals based on settings.

Exposure output/strobe control outputs/GPO (fixed value Hi or Low)

See page 8 for pin 4 TTL output level and pin 11 trigger input level specifications.

### **6** RJ45 connector

You can connect a LAN cable to this connector to control the camera module from a host device to output image to a host device.

Pin No.	Signal	Pin No.	Signal
1	TP1 +	5	TP3 –
2	TP1 –	6	TP2 –
3	TP2 +	7	TP4 +
4	TP3 +	8	TP4 –

### **7** POWER LED

Flashes or lights based on the internal status of the

Flashing: Obtaining IP address.

Lit: IP address obtained.

### **Using a Tripod**

To use the tripod, install the tripod adaptor VCT-ST70I (not supplied) on the camera module.

Use a tripod screw with a protrusion ( $\ell$ ) extending from the installation surface, as follows, and tighten it, using a screwdriver.

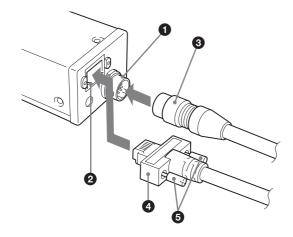
4.5 to 5.5 mm 0.18 to 0.22 inches



### Note

If you install a tripod adapter (not supplied), use the screws provided.

### **Connecting the Cables**



Connect the camera cable to the DC connector and the LAN cable to the RJ45 connector respectively. When you connect the LAN cable, turn the two fastening screws on the connector to secure the cable tightly.

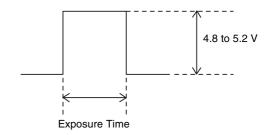
- DC connector
- RJ45 connector
- Camera cable
- LAN cable
- **5** Fastening screws

Connect the other end of the camera cable to the DC-700/700CE and the other end of the LAN cable to the Network card.

### **Multi-Function Output Specifications**

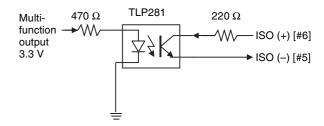
When exposure output is selected, signal output is valid during image sensor exposure. When strobe control output is selected, output signal timing and pulse width can be precisely set to control external devices such as strobes connected to the camera. Output signal polarity can be set for both exposure and strobe control outputs. TTL output termination impedance should be at least

Illustrations of positive-polarity multi-function TTL



When using ISO (+ or -), be sure to use an external power supply between +5 and +24 V DC in combination with resistance.

Refer to the following circuit diagram.



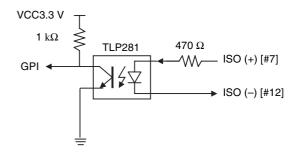
### Note

When GPO (fixed-value, general-purpose output) is selected, the fixed output varies depending on the register setting value.

Register setting value 0: fixed Low Register setting value 1: fixed Hi

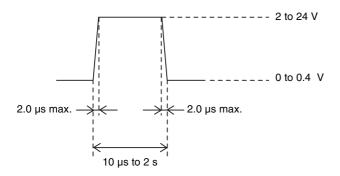
### **GPI Input Specifications**

Be sure to use an external power supply between +5 and +24 V DC in combination with resistance. Refer to the following circuit diagram.

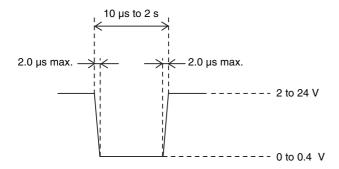


## **Trigger Input Specifications**

When trigger input polarity is positive



When trigger input polarity is negative

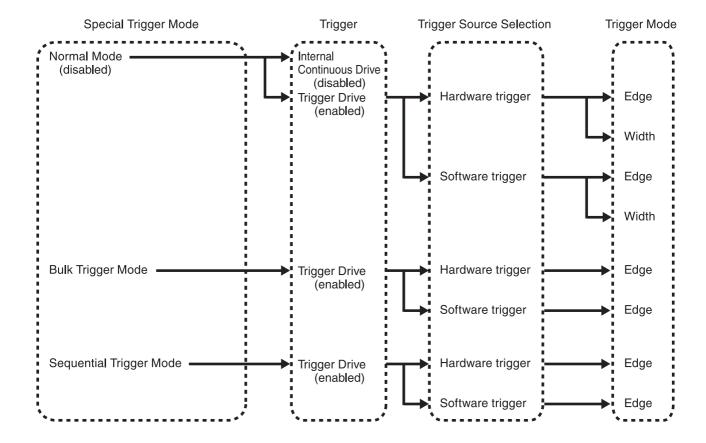


The voltage values described in the above diagram are the values when the terminating impedance is  $10\ k\Omega$  or more.



## **Camera Drive System**

The camera drive system functions as follows.



## **Triggering**

The camera can be triggered by hardware or software triggering events.

### **Hardware Triggering**

Hardware triggering is performed by applying a signal to an input on the 12-pin connector.

Exposure occurs according to the predetermined timing of the trigger signal, which serves as the drive signal for acquiring video images. An image is acquired whenever the drive signal is valid. This function is used for shooting simultaneous video with multiple cameras.

### **Software Triggering**

Software triggering is performed by an internal drive signal generated within the camera in response to network commands. Exposure occurs according to this trigger signal. This drive signal is useful for triggering when hardware triggering is not suitable.

## **Trigger Polarity**

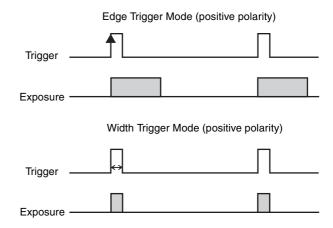
This is a function to select the polarity of the signal that enables triggering from positive or negative. Select the trigger polarity before using other trigger functions.

## **Special Trigger Modes**

The three special trigger modes are Normal, Bulk and Sequential triggering.

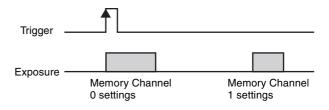
### Normal trigger mode (disabled)

The Normal mode outputs images continuously according to internal continuous drive. When trigger drive is enabled, the camera is driven by either hardware or software triggering. In this mode, the following two drive methods are available according to the trigger mode: Edge Trigger Mode (exposure begins at the rising edge of trigger pulses with duration based on the shutter settings) or Width Trigger Mode (exposure duration is the same as the trigger pulse width).



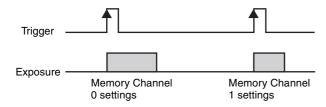
### **Bulk trigger mode**

Different camera setting configurations are stored in memory channels beforehand, with the different settings applied to acquire multiple video images at each trigger event. In the following diagram, two images are acquired in one cycle.



### Sequential trigger mode

Different camera setting configurations are stored in memory channels beforehand, with the different settings applied in sequence to acquire a different image with each trigger event. In the following diagram, two images with different exposure settings are acquired in one cycle.



The camera provides 16 memory channels, so up to 16 setting configurations can be assigned to each cycle. For bulk and sequential trigger modes, the following functions are read from each memory channel.

### **Image parameters**

- Image size (H) offset X
- Image size (V) offset Y

### **Feature parameters**

- Gain (Gain L/R with XCG-5005CR)
- Digital Clamp L/R (XCG-5005CR only)
- Digital ON/OFF (XCG-5005CR only)
- Digital Pedestal
- Digital Gain
- Pixel Gain
- Shutter
- Look-Up Table (LUT)
- Binarization Threshold
- Multi-Function Output Mode
- Strobe Polarity
- Strobe Delay
- Strobe Pulse Width
- GPO
- User Memory

### **Notes**

- When using Bulk or Sequential trigger mode, be sure to allow sufficient trigger cycle time. Images are disrupted if the trigger period is shorter than the time required to output a frame.
- With the XCG-5005CR, using Bulk or Sequential trigger mode with different gain values in different memory channels may result in different left and right video levels. In such cases, verify operation before use.
- When using Bulk or Sequential trigger mode, bear in mind that the following settings are ignored and have no effect.

### **Image Parameters**

- Image Size (H)
- Image Size (V)
- Pixel Format
- Test Chart
- Auto Gain Detection Frame ON/OFF
- Auto Gain Detection Frame Area Setting
- White Balance Detection Frame ON/OFF
- White Balance Detection Frame Area Setting
- Manual Frame Rate
- · Auto Frame Rate
- Gamma Curve Coefficient
- Gamma Curve Reference Level

### **Feature Parameters**

- Auto Clamp ON/OFF (XCG-5005CR only)
- Auto Gain ON/OFF
- Trigger ON/OFF (ON = fixed trigger drive)
- Trigger Mode (fixed edge)
- Trigger Polarity
- Trigger Inhibit
- Trigger Delay
- Software Trigger Pulse Output
- Trigger Source Select

When using the Bulk or Sequential special trigger mode, you must select the trigger type (hardware or software trigger) with the Special Trigger Source Select parameter, and select the polarity with the Special Trigger Polarity parameter.

### **Shutter**

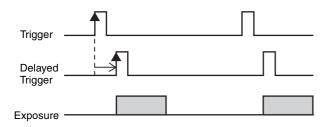
The camera supports manual shutter control. With Edge triggering, the exposure time can be set from  $10 \mu s$  to 2 s, in  $1 \mu s$  units.

## **Trigger Inhibit**

This function disables the camera's trigger input. When multiple cameras are connected, use this to disable triggering for only specified cameras at specific times.

## **Trigger Delay**

This function applies a trigger delay within the camera. Use it to synchronize trigger timing when the trigger signal is offset from the desired object exposure timing. Setting range is 0 to 4 sec. (in 1 µs units).



### Note

To use trigger delay, the input trigger period must be longer than the trigger delay value. Otherwise, images cannot be output properly.

## **Multi-Function Outputs**

The multi-function output settings determine the function of the camera's output connector pins for GPO (general-purpose signal output), exposure signal output or strobe control signal output. These signal ports are used to control external devices. GPI ports are also provided for input signals.

### **Exposure output**

Signal output is valid during image sensor exposure. You can also configure the polarity.

### Strobe control outputs

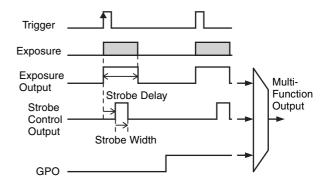
Make precise adjustments to strobe control and control for other external devices connected to the camera by controlling the timing and width of signals. You can also configure the polarity.

Setting ranges are:

Strobe delay: 0 to 4 msec. (in 1 µs units) Strobe width: 0 to 4 msec. (in 1 µs units)

### **GPO**

Outputs can be High or Low active.



### Note

When using strobe control output, if the strobe delay or strobe width exceeds the exposure interval, proper strobe signals cannot be output. Set the strobe control output so that the delay and width are within the exposure time.

## General-Purpose Input (GPI)

The camera has two multi-function output ports and one GPI port.

## Gain

The camera provides both manual and automatic gain control.

### Manual gain control

Variable gain control in models XCG-U100CR can be set from 0 to 18 dB in 0.0358 dB increments, or from 0 to 502 in 0.0358 dB steps.

In addition to the above, the XCG-5005CR provides independent left and right controls (GainL and GainR). When left and right gain should be the same, set only the left level (GainL).

### Auto gain control

The camera provides the auto gain control function to automatically control image brightness according to a user-specified detection frame and image average level (variable from 0 to 16383 in 14 bit). The variable range is the same as for manual gain control.

Also, the auto gain control detection frame showing each area's image average level can be displayed and adjusted. The detection frame is defined by Offset X and Y, Width and Height percentage values (relative to the [100%] width and height of the output video image).

## **Digital Pedestal**

The camera provides the digital pedestal function to adjust image black level.

In the XCG-U100CR, the level can be set from 0 to 2047.

In the XCG-5005CR, the level can be set from each camera's lower limit value to 2047.

### Note

The digital pedestal setting is a 14-bit value. As such, 1/64 as many setting levels are available during 8-bit output, 1/16 are available during 10-bit output, and 1/4 are available during 12-bit output.

## Digital Clamp (XCG-5005CR only)

The XCG-5005CR provides the digital clamp function to correct black level difference between left and right images. The digital clamp has the following three modes.

### **One-Shot Clamp**

This mode corrects left-right black level difference once upon executing the command.

### **Auto Clamp**

This mode automatically corrects left-right black level difference.

### **OFF**

This mode allows you to manually correct left-right black level difference.

If the above One-Shot/Auto Clamp modes cannot adequately correct left-right black level difference, user adjustment is available from the OFF mode.

Set Digital ON/OFF to OFF, and adjust Clamp L/R values separately, from 0 to 1023. Left and right black level is freely user settable. However, in the OFF mode, Digital Pedestal and Digital Gain functions are disabled. User can also set left and right gain separately by GainL and GainR (0 to 502 steps or 0 to 18 dB). When setting Clamp L/R and GainL/R separately, set the left side first.

## **Digital Gain**

The camera provides a digital gain function. Gain values are from 1X to 2X (0 to 64, in 0.015625X increments).

### Note

When using digital gain, discontinuity may occur in the spacing between output levels. This occurs due to the lack of an image signal output that is equivalent to the output steps. This is not a malfunction.

## Digital ON/OFF (XCG-5005CR only)

Use this function to set left-right image black levels independently. Setting range is 0 to 1023 for each.

### Note

The digital clamp L/R setting is a 14-bit value. Therefore, be careful when data is handled otherwise, e.g., as 12-bit output values (giving one quarter as many setting levels).

### **Pixel Gain**

The camera provides a pixel gain function. Gain values are from 1X to 16X (1024 to 16383, in 0.0009765625X increments).

### Note

When using pixel gain, discontinuity may occur in the spacing between output levels. This occurs due to the lack of an image signal output that is equivalent to the output steps. This is not a malfunction.

### **White Balance**

The camera provides a white balance function.

### **One-Push White Balance**

This mode adjusts the R- and B-level corresponding to the G-level for a user-specified detection frame once upon executing the command. The variable range is the same as for pixel gain.

Also, the white balance detection frame showing each area's image average level can be displayed and adjusted. The detection frame is defined by Offset X and Y, Width and Height percentage values (relative to the [100%] width and height of the output video image).

When white balance is not properly optimized with the one-push white balance function, the R-, G- and B-level can be adjusted manually.

## Look-Up Table (LUT)

The camera's look-up table consists of 4,096 values, with 12-bit input and output. The look-up table allows setting an arbitrary gamma curve or binarization. Also, a gamma curve coefficient can be specified for the standard black level. For levels below the standard black level, set the gamma value to 1 to prevent burnt-out highlights in the black level.

Selectable from 0: Linear 1: Reverse 2: Binarization 3: Gamma Curve Coefficient 4: User Setting.

## **Switching Output Bit Length**

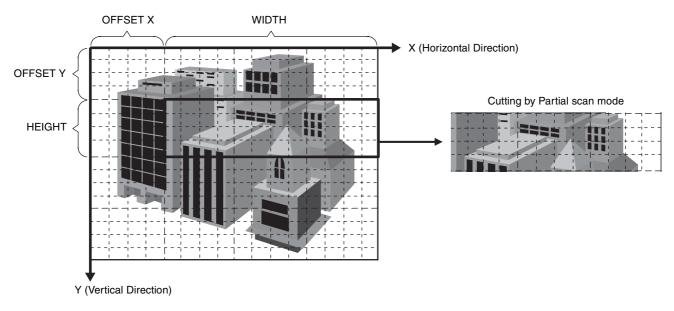
The camera provides a function to switch image output bit length between 8, 10 and 12 bits. Use it to adjust the relative priority of data quantity to image quality. The pixel formats are BayerRG8, BayerRG10, BayerRG10Packed, BayerRG12 and BayerRG12Packed in compliance with GigE Vision 1.2.

### **Test Chart**

The camera includes a grayscale chart/color bar feature for testing purposes.

## **Partial Scan**

The partial scan function outputs a user-defined region (Area Of Interest) within the overall image area. The cut-out region for partial scan is defined by Offset X and Offset Y (which indicate the start point for cutting), and Width and Height (which indicate the area). Contiguous blocks of minimum areas can be selected to define regions. However, the defined region must be a square or right rectangle. T- and L-shaped regions are invalid.



Minimum area sizes for partial scan are as follows:

XCG-U100CR 64 pixels  $\times$  120 lines XCG-5005CR 64 pixels  $\times$  480 lines

Cut-out position settings are specified with the following units:

Horizontal: 8-pixel units Vertical: 4-scan line units

### Note

Be aware that the frame rate increases for vertical cut-outs, while the frame rate remains unchanged for horizontal cut-outs.

## **Frame Rate Control**

The camera provides the following two methods for frame rate control during internal continuous drive operation.

### Auto Frame Rate setting

The fastest frame rate is configured automatically based on the current shutter setting and partial scan setting. This is the default frame rate control setting for the camera.

To increase the frame rate, enable the partial scan function. Depending on whether the exposure time is longer than the frame period, the frame rate will be reduced proportionally. Therefore, shorten the shutter time as necessary.

### Frame Rate setting

Configure the frame rate manually. However, you cannot increase the frame rate beyond the fastest setting. In addition, if the exposure time is longer than the configured frame period, the frame rate will be reduced in proportion to the exposure time.

When you want to minimize network traffic, use this

When you want to minimize network traffic, use this setting to lower the frame rate while maintaining the same shutter setting.

The camera has a frame rate display function for verifying the frame rate obtained using the above settings. By using this function to confirm that an anticipated frame rate has been obtained, you can verify frame correspondence with hardware triggering. For width-mode hardware triggering, set the hardware trigger period to the displayed frame rate, and set the hardware trigger width to the displayed internal shutter value. For edge-mode hardware triggering, set only the trigger period to the displayed frame rate.

## Image Acquisition Modes

The following three image acquisition modes are available:

- Continuous image output
- Output a user-specified number of frames (from 1 to 255)
- · Single frame output

## Memory Channels and User Memories

### **Memory channels**

Sixteen memory channels are provided for camera parameters that can be switched at each frame when using bulk and sequential trigger modes.

The memory channels can also be used to store user settings when the special trigger mode is set to Normal, to be applied when switching the camera state for particular situations.

### **User Memories**

Each memory channel provides 64 bytes of non-volatile read-write storage for users to store data freely. Stored data is preserved even when the power is turned off.

### **Network Functions**

### **Payload Size**

Displays the data size of 1 frame in bytes. This is calculated from the image size (Width  $\times$  Height) and pixel format.

BayerRG8: Width × Height

BayerRG10Packed/BayerRG12Packed: Width ×

Height  $\times$  1.5

BayerRG10/BayerRG12: Width  $\times$  Height  $\times$  2.0

### **IP Configuration**

PersistentIP, DHCP, or LLA can be selected for IP configuration.

When DHCP or LLA is selected, the current IP address, current subnet mask, and current default gateway will be automatically assigned.

When PersistentIP is selected, IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway should be set.

#### **Packet Size**

Sets the packet size in bytes. Set a value that is not more than the MTU defined for the network adapter.

### Notes

- When setting the parameter (Width, Height, PixelFormat) for calculating PayloadSize or parameter (UserSetLoad, UserSetSave) for controlling memory channels, stop camera image output beforehand.
- When PacketSize is set, an error may occur depending on the image size or pixel format setting. If an error occurs, check whether the PacketSize setting condition (PacketSize ≤ PayloadSize) is satisfied.

• Any static IP address can be set, but the camera may become unable to be detected depending on the IP address setting. If that happens, use the tool for issuing ForceIP and set the static IP address again.

## **Camera Control Registers**

There is a diagonal line in the Address column of registers for which there is a definition for XML only and there is no address definition.

Address	Register
0x00000000	Base Address
0x00000000 - 0x00009FFC	GigE Vision Bootstrap
0xA0000000	Camera Base Address
0xA0000000 - 0xA00020BC	Camera Control
0xA00020C0 - 0xA00020FC	User Memory
0xA0003000 - 0xA0003020	Camera Control
0xA0007000 - 0xA00070CC	Camera Control Inq
0xA0010000 - 0xA0013FFC	LUT Control

### **DeviceControl**

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0x00000068	DeviceVendorName	R/O	1)	Displays the vendor name.
0x00000088	DeviceModelName	R/O	1)	Displays the model name.
0x000000A8	Device Version	R/O	1)	Displays the version.
0x000000D8	DeviceManufacturerInfo	R/O	1)	Displays the manufacturer information.
0x000000D8	DeviceID	R/O	1)	Displays the serial number.
0x000000E8	DeviceUserID	R/W	1)	Sets the user ID.
	DeviceScanType	R/O	1)	Displays the scan type.
0xA0000010	DeviceReset	W/O	1	Executes a device reset.

1) This value is unique to the model.

### ImageFormatControl

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0000100	Width	R/W	1)	Sets the number of horizontal pixels (H).
0xA0000104	Height	R/W	1)	Sets the number of vertical lines (V).
0xA0000108	OffsetX	R/W	0 - 100	Sets the offset of the number of horizontal pixels (H).
0xA000010C	OffsetY	R/W	0 - 100	Sets the offset of the number of vertical lines (V).
0xA0000110	PixelFormat	R/W	0x01080009	Sets 8-bit bayer (BayerRG8).
			0x0110000D	Sets 10-bit bayer (BayerRG10).
			0x010C0027	Sets 10-bit bayer (BayerRG10Packed).
			0x01100011	Sets 12-bit bayer (BayerRG12).
			0x010C002B	Sets 12-bit bayer (BayerRG12Packed).

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
	PixelSize	R/O	8	Configures with 8-bit pixels (Bpp8).
			10	Configures with 10-bit pixels (Bpp10).
			12	Configures with 12-bit pixels (Bpp12).
	PixelColorFilter	R/O	1	Displays the color filter (RG).
0xA0000130	TestImageSelector	R/W	0	Sets the test image to OFF.
			1	Sets the test image to grayscale chart.
			2	Sets the test image to color chart.
0xA0000134	GainAutoAreaHighlight	R/W	0	Sets the auto gain detection frame to OFF.
			1	Sets the auto gain detection frame to ON.
0xA0000138	GainAutoAreaWidth	R/W	0 - 100	Sets the auto gain detection frame (H).
0xA000013C	GainAutoAreaHeight	R/W	0 - 100	Sets the auto gain detection frame (V).
0xA0000140	GainAutoAreaOffsetX	R/W	0 - 100	Sets the offset of the auto gain detection frame (H).
0xA0000144	GainAutoAreaOffsetY	R/W	0 - 100	Sets the offset of the auto gain detection frame (V).
0xA0000154	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaHi	R/W	0	Sets the white balance detection frame to OFF.
	ghlight		1	Sets the white balance detection frame to ON.
0xA0000158	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaWi dth	R/W	0 - 100	Sets the white balance detection frame (H).
0xA000015C	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaHei ght	R/W	0 - 100	Sets the white balance detection frame (V).
0xA0000160	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaOff setX	R/W	0 - 100	Sets the offset of the white balance detection frame (H).
0xA0000164	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaOff setY	R/W	0 - 100	Sets the offset of the white balance detection frame (V).

1) This value is unique to the model.

### AcquisitionControl

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0000200	AcquisitionMode	R/W	1	Sets free run (Continuous).
			2	Sets multi frames (MultiFrame).
			3	Sets a single frame (SingleFrame).
0xA0000210	AcquisitionStart	W/O	1	Starts image transfer.
0xA0000214	AcquisitionStop	W/O	0	Stops image transfer.
0xA0000204	AcquisitionFrameCount	R/W	2 - 255	Sets the frame count of multi frames.
0xA0000220	AcquisitionFrameRate	R/W	0.062500 ≤	Sets the frame rate. [Fps]
0xA0000224	AcquisitionFrameRateAuto	R/W	0	Sets the auto frame rate to OFF.
			1	Sets the auto frame rate to ON.
0xA0000228	AcquisitionFrameRateActual	R/O	0.062500 ≤	Displays the frame rate. [Fps]
0xA0000300	SpecialTriggerMode	R/W	0	Sets the special trigger to OFF.
			1	Sets the special trigger to bulk trigger mode.
			2	Sets the special trigger to sequential trigger mode.
0xA0000304	NumberOfMemoryForSpe cialTriggerMode	R/W	1 - 16	Sets the frame count of the special trigger.
0xA00002F0	SpecialTriggerSource	R/W	0	Sets the trigger source of the special trigger to hardware.
			1	Sets the trigger source of the special trigger to software.

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description	
0xA00002F4	xA00002F4 SpecialTriggerActivation	SpecialTriggerActivation	R/W	0	Sets the trigger of the special trigger to the edge of positive polarity.
			1	Sets the trigger of the special trigger to the edge of negative polarity.	
	TriggerSelector	R/O	_	Displays the trigger type.	
0xA0002044	TriggerMode	R/W	0	Sets the trigger to OFF.	
			1	Sets the trigger to ON.	
0xA00002F8	TriggerSoftware	W/O	1	Executes the software trigger.	
0xA0002098	TriggerSource	R/W	0	Sets the trigger source to hardware.	
			1	Sets the trigger source to software.	
0xA0002050	TriggerInhibit	R/W	0	Sets trigger inhibit to OFF.	
		1	Sets trigger inhibit to ON.		
0xA0002048	TriggerActivation	R/W	0	Sets the trigger to edge.	
			1	Sets the trigger to level.	
			6	Sets the trigger to the edge of positive polarity.	
			4	Sets the trigger to the edge of negative polarity.	
			7	Sets the trigger to the level of positive polarity.	
			5	Sets the trigger to the level of negative polarity.	
0xA000204C	TriggerPolarity	R/W	0	Sets the trigger to negative polarity.	
			1	Sets the trigger to positive polarity.	
0xA0002054	TriggerOverlap	R/W	0	Sets the trigger overlap to OFF.	
			1	Sets the trigger overlap to ReadOut.	
0xA0002058	TriggerDelay	R/W	0 - 4000000	Sets the trigger delay. [ms]	
	ExposureMode	R/O	_	Displays the exposure mode.	
0xA0002040	ExposureTime	R/W	10 - 2000000	Sets the exposure time. [us]	

## AnalogControl

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0000310	Gamma	R/W	0.00 - 1.00	Sets the gamma curve coefficient.
0xA0000314	GammaLevelLow	R/W	≤ 511	Sets the black level of the gamma curve coefficient.
0xA0002064	BinarizationThreshold	R/W	0 - 4095	Sets the binarization threshold.
0xA0002034	DigitalEnable	R/W	0	Sets digital control to OFF.
			1	Sets digital control to ON.
0xA0001100	GainSelector	R/W	0	Sets the gain to AnalogAll.
Bit15 - Bit0 <sup>1)</sup>			1	Sets the gain to AnalogR.
			2	Sets the gain to DigitalGain.
			4	Sets the gain to DigitalRed.
			5	Sets the gain to DigitalRedR.
			6	Sets the gain to DigitalGreen.
		-	7	Sets the gain to DigitalGreenR.
			10	Sets the gain to DigitalBlue.
			11	Sets the gain to DigitalBlueR.

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0002008	GainRaw <sup>2)</sup>	R/W	0 - 502	Sets the gain (L).
0xA000200C				Sets the gain (R).
0xA000203C			0 - 64	Sets the digital gain.
0xA0003000			1024 - 16383	Sets the pixel gain (DigitalRed).
0xA0003004				Sets the pixel gain (DigitalRedR).
0xA0003008				Sets the pixel gain (DigitalGreen).
0xA000300C				Sets the pixel gain (DigitalGreenR).
0xA0003018				Sets the pixel gain (DigitalBlue).
0xA000301C				Sets the pixel gain (DigitalBlueR).
0xA0002010	Gain <sup>2)</sup>	R/W	0.0 - 18.0	Sets the gain (L) with an absolute value. [dB]
0xA0002014	-			Sets the gain (R) with an absolute value. [dB]
0xA000201C	GainAuto <sup>2)</sup>	R/W	0	Sets the auto gain to OFF.
			1	Sets the auto gain to Once.
			2	Sets the auto gain to Continuous.
0xA0002020	GainAutoLevel	R/W	0 - 16383	Sets the auto gain level.
0xA0003020	BalanceWhiteAuto	R/W	0	Sets the white balance to OFF.
			1	Sets the white balance to Once.
0xA0001100	BlackLevelSelector	R/W	0	Sets the black level to AnalogAll.
Bit31 - Bit16 <sup>1)</sup>			1	Sets the black level to AnalogR.
	-	2	Sets the black level to DigitalAll.	
0xA0002038	BlackLevel <sup>3)</sup>	R/W	0 - 2047	Sets the pedestal level.
0xA0002000	-		0 - 1023	Sets the clamp level (L).
0xA0002004	-			Sets the clamp level (R).
0xA0002018	ClampLevelAutoBalance <sup>3)</sup>	R/W	0	Sets the auto clamp level to OFF.
			1	Sets the auto clamp level to Once.
			2	Sets the auto clamp level to Continuous.
0xA0001104	LineSelector	R/W	0	Selects GPI.
Bit15 - Bit0 <sup>1)</sup>			1	Selects GPO1.
			2	Selects GPO2.
	LineMode <sup>4)</sup>	R/O	_	Displays the input/output of GPI and GPO.
0xA00020A8	LineInverter <sup>4)</sup>	R/W	0	Sets the GPO inversion to OFF.
0xA00020AC	-		1	Sets the GPO inversion to ON.
0xA0000400	LineStatus <sup>4)</sup>	R/O	_	Displays the GPI signal.
0xA000206C	LineSource <sup>4)</sup>	R/W	0	Sets the Exposure signal.
			1	Sets the Strobe signal.
0xA0002080	-		2	Sets the GPO signal.
	LineFormat <sup>4)</sup>	R/O	_	Displays the signal format of GPI and GPO.
0xA0001104	UserOutputSelector	R/W	0	Selects UserOutput0.
Bit31 - Bit16 <sup>1)</sup>			1	Selects UserOutput1.
0xA0002090	UserOutputValue <sup>5)</sup>	R/W	0 - 1	Sets the UserOutput signal.
0xA0002070	StrobeActivation	R/W	0	Sets the Strobe1 signal to the level of negative polarity.
0xA0002084	-		1	Sets the Strobe1 signal to the level of positive polarity.

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0002078	StrobeActiveTime <sup>4)</sup>	R/W	1 - 4000	Sets the pulse width of the Strobe1 signal. [us]
0xA000208C				Sets the pulse width of the Strobe2 signal. [us]
0xA0002074	StrobeActiveDelay <sup>4)</sup>	R/W	0 - 4000	Sets the delay of the Strobe1 signal. [us]
0xA0002088				Sets the delay of the Strobe2 signal. [us]

- 1) The settings of GainSelector, BlackLevelSelector, LineSelector, LUTIndex, and UserOutputSelector are deleted and unsaved when the power is turned OFF.
- 2) Select AnalogAll, AnalogR, and DigitalGain with GainSelector.
- 3) Select AnalogAll, AnalogR, and DigitalAll with BlackLevelSelector.
- 4) Select GPI, GPO1, and GPO2 with LineSelector.
- 5) Select UserOutput0 and UserOutput1 with UserOutputValue.

### **LUTControl**

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
	LUTSelector	R/O		Displays the LUT control.
0xA000205C	LUTFormat	R/W	0	Sets linear.
			1	Sets reverse.
			2	Sets binarization.
			3	Sets gamma curve.
			4	Sets the user setting. <sup>1)</sup>
0xA0001108 Bit15 - Bit0 <sup>2)</sup>	LUTIndex	R/W	0 - 4095	Sets Index of LUT.
0xA0010000 - 0xA0013FFC	LUTValue	R/W	0 - 4095	Sets Value of LUT.
0xA0010000 - 0xA0013FFC	LUTValueAll	R/W	0 - 4095	Sets LUT with Streaming.

- 1) Set the user setting value with LUTIndex, LUTValue, and LUTValueAll.
- 2) The setting of LUTIndex is deleted and unsaved when the power is turned OFF.

### **UserSetControl**

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0000000	UserSetSelector	R/W	16	Sets UserSet to the default value.
0xA0001000			0 - 15	Sets UserSet1 <sup>1)</sup> .  Sets UserSet16 <sup>1)</sup> .
0xA0001008	UserSetLoad	R/W	3	Loads the setting value of UserSet <sup>2)</sup> .
0xA0001004	UserSetSave	R/W	3	Saves the setting value of UserSet <sup>2)</sup> .
	UserMemoryIndex	R/W	0 - 15	Sets Index of UserMemory.
0xA00020C0 - 0xA00020FC	UserMemoryValue	R/W	_	Sets Value of UserMemory.

- 1) UserSet1 16 can be directly set with a specific address. For details, see "Memory Channel Registers" (page 26).
- 2) UserSet that was selected with UserSetSelector is applicable.

### TransportLayerControl

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0000120	PayloadSize	R/O	_	Displays the payload size.
0x00000000	GevVersionMajor	R/O	1	Displays the version of GigE Vision.
	GevVersionMinor		0	
0x00000004	GevDeviceModeIsBigEndian	R/O	0	Displays the endian (Little Endian).
	GevDeviceModeCharacterSet		1	Displays the character set (UTF-8).
	GevInterfaceSelector	R/O	0	Displays the network interface.
0x00000008	GevMACAddress	R/O	_	Displays the MAC address.
0x00000010	GevSupportedIPConfigurati onLLA	R/O	1	Displays the LLA support.
	GevSupportedIPConfigurati onDHCP	R/O	1	Displays DHCP support.
	GevSupportedIPConfigurati onPersistentIP	R/O	1	Displays PersistentIP support.
0xA0000194	GevIPConfigurationStatus	R/O	0	IPConfiguration is configured with None.
			1	IPConfiguration is configured with PersistentIP.
			2	IPConfiguration is configured with DHCP.
			3	IPConfiguration is configured with LLA.
			4	IPConfiguration is configured with ForceIP.
0x00000014	GevCurrentIPConfiguration	R/W	5	Sets IPConfiguration to PersistentIP.
			6	Sets IPConfiguration to DHCP.
			4	Sets IPConfiguration to LLA.
	GevCurrentIPConfiguration LLA	R/O	1	Displays ON of LLA.
	GevCurrentIPConfiguration	R/W	0	Sets DHCP to OFF.
	DHCP		1	Sets DHCP to ON.
	GevCurrentIPConfiguration	R/W	0	Sets PersistentIP to OFF.
	PersistentIP		1	Sets PersistentIP to ON.
0x00000024	GevCurrentIPAddress	R/O	_	Displays the IP address (IPv4).
0x00000034	GevCurrentSubnetMask	R/O	_	Displays the subnet mask (IPv4).
0x00000044	GevCurrentDefaultGateway	R/O	_	Displays the default gateway (IPv4).
0x00000200	GevFirstURL	R/O	_	Displays the URL of the XML file (1st).
0x00000400	GevSecondURL	R/O	_	Displays the URL of the XML file (2nd).
0x00000600	GevNumberOfInterfaces	R/O	1	Displays the number of network interfaces.
0x0000064C	GevPersistentIPAddress	R/W	_	Sets the IP address of PersistentIP (IPv4).
0x0000065C	GevPersistentSubnetMask	R/W		Sets the subnet mask of PersistentIP (IPv4).
0x0000066C	GevPersistentDefaultGateway	R/W	_	Sets the default gateway of PersistentIP (IPv4).
0xA0000198	GevLinkSpeed	R/O	0 - 1000	Displays the link speed.
0x00000900	GevMessageChannelCount	R/O	0	Displays the message channel count support.
0x00000904	GevStreamChannelCount	R/O	1	Displays the stream channel count support.

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0x00000934	GevSupportedOptionalCom mandsUserDefineName	R/O	1	Displays the UserDefineName support.
	GevSupportedOptionalCom mandsSerialNumber		1	Displays the SerialNumber support.
	GevSupportedOptionalHear tbeatDisable		1	Displays the HeartbeatDisable support.
	GevSupportedOptionalCom mandsEVENTDATA		0	Displays the EVENTDATA support.
	GevSupportedOptionalCom mandsEVENT		0	Displays the EVENT support.
	GevSupportedOptionalCom mandsPACKETRESEND		1	Displays the PACKETRESEND support.
	GevSupportedOptionalCom mandsWRITEMEM		1	Displays the WRITEMEM support.
	GevSupportedOptionalCom mandsConcatenation		1	Displays the Concatination support.
0x00000938	GevHeartbeatTimeout	R/W	500 ≤	Sets the timeout value for the heartbeat. [ms]
0x0000093C	GevTimestampTickFrequency	R/O	83.333333	Displays the time stamp frequency.
0x00000944	GevTimestampControlLatch	W/O	1	Latches the time stamp value.
	GevTimestampControlReset		1	Resets the time stamp value.
0x00000948	GevTimestampValue	R/O	_	Displays the time stamp value.
0x0000094C				
0xA0000190	GevGVCPHeartbeatDisable	R/W	0	Disables the heartbeat.
			1	Enables streaming only.
			2	Enables the heartbeat.
0xA000019C	GevDiscoveryAckDelay	R/W	0 - 65535	Sets the delay of discovery acknowledgement. [ms]
0x00000A00	GevCCP	R/W	0	Sets the control privilege to ungoverned.
			1	Sets the control privilege to control access.
			2	Sets the control privilege to exclusive access.
	GevStreamChannelSelector	R/O	0	Displays the stream channel.
0x00000D00	GevSCPInterfaceIndex	R/O	0	Display InterfaceIndex of the stream channel.
	GevSCPHostPort	R/W	0 - 65535	Displays HostPort of the stream channel.
0x00000D04	GevSCPSFireTestPacket	R/W	1	Sends a test packet.
	GevSCPSDoNotFragment		0	Sets Do Not Fragment to OFF.
			1	Sets Do Not Fragment to ON.
	GevSCPSBigEndian	R/O	0	Displays the endian of GevSCPS (Packet Size).
0xA0000184	GevSCPSPacketSize	R/W	1476 - 10596	Sets GevSCPS (Packet Size).
0x00000D08	GevSCPD	R/W	32 - 65535	Sets GevSCPD (Packet Delay).
0x00000D18	GevSCDA	R/W	_	Sets GevSCDA (Channel Destination IP).

## **Memory Channel Registers**

### ImageFormatControl (UserSet0 to UserSet15)

### **UserSet0**

The same applies to UserSet1 to UserSet14.

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0005000	Width	R/W	1)	Sets the number of horizontal pixels (H).
0xA0005004	Height	R/W	1)	Sets the number of vertical lines (V).
0xA0005008	OffsetX	R/W	0 - 100	Sets the offset of the number of horizontal pixels (H).
0xA000500C	OffsetY	R/W	0 - 100	Sets the offset of the number of vertical lines (V).
0xA0005014	PixelFormat	R/W	0x01080009 0x0110000D 0x010C0027 0x01100011 0x010C002B	Sets the pixel format.

1) This value is unique to the model.

### UserSet15

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0005F00	Width	R/W	1)	Sets the number of horizontal pixels (H).
0xA0005F04	Height	R/W	1)	Sets the number of vertical lines (V).
0xA0005F08	OffsetX	R/W	0 - 100	Sets the offset of the number of horizontal pixels (H).
0xA0005F0C	OffsetY	R/W	0 - 100	Sets the offset of the number of vertical lines (V).
0xA0005F14	PixelFormat	R/W	0x01080009 0x0110000D 0x010C0027 0x01100011 0x010C002B	Sets the pixel format.

1) This value is unique to the model.

### AcquisitionControl (UserSet0 to UserSet15)

### **UserSet0**

The same applies to UserSet1 to UserSet14.

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0006000	AcquisitionFrameRate	R/W	0.062500 ≤	Sets the frame rate. [Fps]
0xA0006004	AcquisitionFrameRateAuto	R/W	0, 1	Sets the auto frame rate.
0xA0008044	TriggerMode	R/W	0, 1	Sets the trigger.
0xA0008098	TriggerSource	R/W	0, 1	Sets the trigger source.
0xA0008050	TriggerInhibit	R/W	0, 1	Sets the trigger inhibit.
0xA0008048	TriggerActivation	R/W	0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7	Sets the trigger.
0xA000804C	TriggerPolarity	R/W	0, 1	Sets the trigger polarity.
0xA0008054	TriggerOverlap	R/W	0, 1	Sets the trigger overlap.
0xA0008058	TriggerDelay	R/W	0 - 4000000	Sets the trigger delay. [ms]
0xA0008040	ExposureTime	R/W	10 - 2000000	Sets the exposure time. [us]

### UserSet15

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0006F00	AcquisitionFrameRate	R/W	0.062500 ≤	Sets the frame rate. [Fps]
0xA0006F04	AcquisitionFrameRateAuto	R/W	0, 1	Sets the auto frame rate.
0xA0008F44	TriggerMode	R/W	0, 1	Sets the trigger.
0xA0008F98	TriggerSource	R/W	0, 1	Sets the trigger source.
0xA0008F50	TriggerInhibit	R/W	0, 1	Sets trigger inhibit.
0xA0008F48	TriggerActivation	R/W	0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7	Sets the trigger.
0xA0008F4C	TriggerPolarity	R/W	0, 1	Sets the trigger polarity.
0xA0008F54	TriggerOverlap	R/W	0, 1	Sets the trigger overlap.
0xA0008F58	TriggerDelay	R/W	0 - 4000000	Sets the trigger delay. [ms]
0xA0008F40	ExposureTime	R/W	10 - 2000000	Sets the exposure time. [us]

### AnalogControl (UserSet0 to UserSet15)

### UserSet0

The same applies to UserSet1 to UserSet14.

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0008064	BinarizationThreshold	R/W	0 - 4095	Sets the binarization threshold.
0xA0008034	DigitalEnable	R/W	0, 1	Sets digital control.
0xA0008008	GainRaw <sup>1)</sup>	R/W	0 - 502	Sets the gain (L).
0xA000800C				Sets the gain (R).
0xA000803C			0 - 64	Sets the digital gain.
0xA0009000			1024 - 16383	Sets the pixel gain (DigitalRed).
0xA0009004				Sets the pixel gain (DigitalRedR).
0xA0009008				Sets the pixel gain (DigitalGreen).
0xA000900C				Sets the pixel gain (DigitalGreenR).
0xA0009018				Sets the pixel gain (DigitalBlue).
0xA000901C				Sets the pixel gain (DigitalBlueR).
0xA0008010	Gain <sup>1)</sup>	R/W	0.0 - 18.0	Sets the gain (L) with an absolute value. [dB]
0xA0008014				Sets the gain (R) with an absolute value. [dB]
0xA000801C	GainAuto <sup>1)</sup>	R/W	0, 1, 2	Sets the auto gain.
0xA0008020	GainAutoLevel	R/W	0 - 16383	Sets the auto gain level.
0xA0009020	BalanceWhiteAuto	R/W	0, 1	Sets the white balance.
0xA0008038	BlackLevel <sup>2)</sup>	R/W	0 - 2047	Sets the pedestal level.
0xA0008000			0 - 1023	Sets the clamp level (L).
0xA0008004				Sets the clamp level (R).
0xA0008018	ClampLevelAutoBalance <sup>2)</sup>	R/W	0, 1, 2	Sets the auto clamp level.
0xA00080A8	LineInverter <sup>3)</sup>	R/W	0, 1	Sets the GPO inversion .
0xA00080AC				
0xA000806C	LineSource <sup>3)</sup>	R/W	0, 1, 2	Sets the GPO signal.
0xA0008080	_			

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0008090	UserOutputValue <sup>4)</sup>	R/W	0 - 1	Sets the UserOutput signal.
0xA0008070	StrobeActivation	R/W	0, 1	Sets the Strobe1 signal.
0xA0008084				Sets the Strobe2 signal.
0xA0008078	StrobeActiveTime <sup>3)</sup>	R/W	1 - 4000	Sets the pulse width of the Strobe1 signal. [us]
0xA000808C				Sets the pulse width of the Strobe2 signal. [us]
0xA0008074	StrobeActiveDelay <sup>3)</sup>	R/W	0 - 4000	Sets the delay of the Strobe1 signal. [us]
0xA0008088				Sets the delay of the Strobe2 signal. [us]

- Select AnalogAll, AnalogR, and DigitalGain with GainSelector.
   Select AnalogAll, AnalogR, and DigitalAll with BlackLevelSelector.
- 3) Select GPI, GPO1, and GPO2 with LineSelector.4) Select UserOutput0 and UserOutput1 with UserOutputValue.

### UserSet15

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0008F64	BinarizationThreshold	R/W	0 - 4095	Sets the binarization threshold.
0xA0008F34	DigitalEnable	R/W	0, 1	Sets digital control.
0xA0008F08	GainRaw <sup>1)</sup>	R/W	0 - 502	Sets the gain (L).
0xA0008F0C				Sets the gain (R).
0xA0008F3C			0 - 64	Sets the digital gain.
0xA0009F00			1024 - 16383	Sets the pixel gain (DigitalRed).
0xA0009F04				Sets the pixel gain (DigitalRedR).
0xA0009F08				Sets the pixel gain (DigitalGreen).
0xA0009F0C				Sets the pixel gain (DigitalGreenR).
0xA0009F18				Sets the pixel gain (DigitalBlue).
0xA0009F1C				Sets the pixel gain (DigitalBlueR).
0xA0008F10	Gain <sup>1)</sup>	R/W	0.0 - 18.0	Sets the gain (L) with an absolute value. [dB]
0xA0008F14				Sets the gain (R) with an absolute value. [dB]
0xA0008F1C	GainAuto <sup>1)</sup>	R/W	0, 1, 2	Sets the auto gain.
0xA0008F20	GainAutoLevel	R/W	0 - 16383	Sets the auto gain level.
0xA0009F20	BalanceWhiteAuto	R/W	0, 1	Sets the white balance.
0xA0008F38	BlackLevel <sup>2)</sup>	R/W	0 - 2047	Sets the pedestal level.
0xA0008F00			0 - 1023	Sets the clamp level (L).
0xA0008F04				Sets the clamp level (R).
0xA0008F18	ClampLevelAutoBalance <sup>2)</sup>	R/W	0, 1, 2	Sets the auto clamp level.
0xA0008FA8	LineInverter <sup>3)</sup>	R/W	0, 1	Sets the GPO inversion .
0xA0008FAC				
0xA0008F6C	LineSource <sup>3)</sup>	R/W	0, 1, 2	Sets the GPO signal.
0xA0008F80				
0xA0008F90	UserOutputValue <sup>4)</sup>	R/W	0 - 1	Sets the UserOutput signal.
0xA0008F70	StrobeActivation	R/W	0, 1	Sets the Strobe1 signal.
0xA0008F84				Sets the Strobe2 signal.

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description	
0xA0008F78	StrobeActiveTime <sup>3)</sup>	R/W	1 - 4000	Sets the pulse width of the Strobe1 signal. [us]	
0xA0008F8C				Sets the pulse width of the Strobe2 signal. [us]	
0xA0008F74	StrobeActiveDelay <sup>3)</sup>	R/W	0 - 4000	Sets the delay of the Strobe1 signal. [us]	
0xA0008F88				Sets the delay of the Strobe2 signal. [us]	

- 1) Select AnalogAll, AnalogR, and DigitalGain with GainSelector.
- 2) Select AnalogAll, AnalogR, and DigitalAll with BlackLevelSelector.
- 3) Select GPI, GPO1, and GPO2 with LineSelector.
- 4) Select UserOutput0 and UserOutput1 with UserOutputValue.

### **LUTControl (UserSet0 to UserSet15)**

### UserSet0

The same applies to UserSet1 to UserSet14.

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA000805C	LUTFormat	R/W	0 - 4	Sets LUTFormat.

### UserSet15

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0008F5C	LUTFormat	R/W	0 - 4	Sets LUTFormat.

### UserSetControl (UserSet0 to UserSet15)

### UserSet0

The same applies to UserSet1 to UserSet14.

Address	Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA00080C0	UserMemoryValue	R/W	_	Sets Value of UserMemory.
- 0xA00080FC				

### UserSet15

Address Name	Туре	Data	Description
0xA0008FC0 UserMemoryValue - 0xA0008FFC	R/W	_	Sets Value of UserMemory.

## **Default Value List**

### ImageFormatControl - Default Value

Address	Name	Typo	UserSet Default Value	
Address	Name	Туре	U100CR	5005CR
0xA0000100	Width	R/W	1600	2448
0xA0000104	Height	R/W	1200	2048
0xA0000108	OffsetX	R/W	C	
0xA000010C	OffsetY	R/W	C	
0xA0000110	PixelFormat	R/W	0x010	80009
	PixelSize	R/O	8	
	PixelColorFilter	R/O	BayerRG	
0xA0000130	TestImageSelector	R/W	0	
0xA0000134	GainAutoAreaHighlight	R/W	0	
0xA0000138	GainAutoAreaWidth	R/W	50	
0xA000013C	GainAutoAreaHeight	R/W	50	
0xA0000140	GainAutoAreaOffsetX	R/W	2:	5
0xA0000144	GainAutoAreaOffsetY	R/W	2:	5
0xA0000154	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaHighlight	R/W	0	
0xA0000158	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaWidth	R/W	50	
0xA000015C	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaHeight	R/W	50	
0xA0000160	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaOffsetX	R/W	25	
0xA0000164	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaOffsetY	R/W	2.	5

## **AcquisitionControl - Default Value**

Addusse	Name	Tuno	UserSet Default Value		
Address	Name	Туре	U100CR	5005CR	
0xA0000200	AcquisitionMode	R/W		1	
0xA0000210	AcquisitionStart	W/O	(	)	
0xA0000214	AcquisitionStop	W/O	(	)	
0xA0000204	AcquisitionFrameCount	R/W		2	
0xA0000220	AcquisitionFrameRate	R/W	27	15	
0xA0000224	AcquisitionFrameRateAuto	R/W		1	
0xA0000228	AcquisitionFrameRateActual	R/O	27	15	
0xA0000300	SpecialTriggerMode	R/W	(	)	
0xA0000304	NumberOfMemoryForSpecialTri ggerMode	R/W	1		
0xA00002F0	SpecialTriggerSource	R/W	0		
0xA00002F4	SpecialTriggerActivation	R/W	0		
	TriggerSelector	R/O	FrameStart		
0xA0002044	TriggerMode	R/W	(	)	

Address	Name	Tyme	UserSet Default Value	
Address	Name	Туре	U100CR	5005CR
0xA00002F8	TriggerSoftware	W/O	0	
0xA0002098	TriggerSource	R/W	0	
0xA0002050	TriggerInhibit	R/W	0	
0xA0002048	TriggerActivation	R/W	4	
0xA000204C	TriggerPolarity	R/W	0	
0xA0002054	TriggerOverlap	R/W	1	
0xA0002058	TriggerDelay	R/W	0	
	ExposureMode	R/O	Timed	
0xA0002040	ExposureTime	R/W	36931	65570

## **AnalogControl - Default Value**

Address	Name	Туре	UserSet Default Value		
Address	Name		U100CR	5005CR	
0xA0000310	Gamma	R/W	0.70		
0xA0000314	GammaLevelLow	R/W	255		
0xA0002064	BinarizationThreshold	R/W	204	47	
0xA0002034	DigitalEnable	R/W	1		
0xA0001100 Bit15 - Bit0	GainSelector	R/W	0		
0xA0002008	GainRaw	R/W	0		
0xA000200C			0		
0xA000203C			0		
0xA0003000			1)		
0xA0003004			1)		
0xA0003008			1024		
0xA000300C			1024		
0xA0003018			1)		
0xA000301C			1)		
0xA0002010	Gain	R/W	0.	0	
0xA0002014			0.	0	
0xA000201C	GainAuto	R/W	0		
0xA0002020	GainAutoLevel	R/W	112	.64	
0xA0002120	BalanceWhiteAuto	R/W	0		
0xA0001100 Bit31 - Bit16	BlackLevelSelector	R/W	2		
0xA0002038	BlackLevel	R/W	1023	960	
0xA0002000			1)	)	
0xA0002004			1)	)	
0xA0002018	ClampLevelAutoBalance	R/W	0		
0xA0001104 Bit15 - Bit0	LineSelector	R/W	0		

Address	Nama	Туре	UserSet De	fault Value	
Address	Name		U100CR	5005CR	
	LineMode	R/O	Inp	out	
0xA00020A8	LineInverter	R/W	C	)	
0xA00020AC			C	)	
0xA0000400	LineStatus	R/O	C	)	
0xA000206C	LineSource	R/W	C	)	
0xA0002080			0		
	LineFormat	R/O	OptoCoupled		
0xA0001104 Bit31 - Bit16	UserOutputSelector	R/W	0		
0xA0002090	UserOutputValue	R/W	C	)	
0xA0002070	StrobeActivation	R/W	1		
0xA0002084			1		
0xA0002078	StrobeActiveTime	R/W	1	1	
0xA000208C			1		
0xA0002074	StrobeActiveDelay	R/W	C	)	
0xA0002088			C	)	

<sup>1)</sup> This value is unique to the model.

## **LUTControl - Default Value**

Address	Name	Туре	UserSet Default Value	
Addiess		Туре	U100CR	5005CR
	LUTSelector	R/O	0	
0xA000205C	LUTFormat	R/W	0	
0xA0001108 Bit15 - Bit0	LUTIndex	R/W	0	
0xA0010000 - 0xA0013FFC	LUTValue	R/W	0	
0xA0010000 - 0xA0013FFC	LUTValueAll	R/W	0	

## **Max/Min Value List**

### ImageFormatControlInq

Address	Name	Type	UserSet Default Value	
Address	Name	Type	U100CR	5005CR
0xA0007000	WidthMax	R/O	1600	2448
0xA0007004	WidthMin	R/O	64	64
0xA0007008	HeightMax	R/O	1200	2048
0xA000700C	HeightMin	R/O	120	480
0xA0007038	GainAutoAreaMax	R/O	100	
0xA000703C	GainAutoAreaMin	R/O	0	
0xA0007040	GainAutoAreaOffsetMax	R/O	100	
0xA0007044	GainAutoAreaOffsetMin	R/O	0	
0xA0007090	UserMemorySize	R/O	64	
0xA00070A0	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaWidthMax	R/O	100	
0xA00070A4	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaWidthMin	R/O	0	
0xA00070A8	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaHeightMax	R/O	100	
0xA00070AC	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaHeightMin	R/O	0	
0xA00070B0	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaOffsetMax	R/O	100	
0xA00070B4	BalanceWhiteAutoAreaOffsetMin	R/O	(	)

## AcquisitionControlInq

Address	Name	Туре	UserSet Default Value	
			U100CR	5005CR
0xA0007010	AcquisitionFrameRateMax	R/O	≤ 133.283844	≤ 40.658424
0xA0007014	AcquisitionFrameRateMin	R/O	0.06525	
0xA0007060	TriggerDelayMax	R/O	4000000	
0xA0007064	TriggerDelayMin	R/O	0	
0xA0007058	ExposureTimeMax	R/O	2000000	
0xA000705C	ExposureTimeMin	R/O	10	

### AnalogControllnq

Address	Name	Туре	UserSet Default Value	
			U100CR	5005CR
0xA0007068	GammaValueMax	R/O	1.00	
0xA000706C	GammaValueMin	R/O	0.00	
0xA0007070	BinarizationThresholdMax	R/O	4095	
0xA0007074	BinarizationThresholdMin	R/O	0	
0xA0007020	GainRawMax	R/O	502	

Address	Name	Туре	UserSet Default Value	
			U100CR	5005CR
0xA0007024	GainRawMin	R/O	0	
0xA0007050	DigitalGainMax	R/O	64	
0xA0007054	DigitalGainMin	R/O	0	
0xA0007028	GainMax	R/O	18.0	
0xA000702C	GainMin	R/O	0.0	
0xA0007030	GainAutoLevelMax	R/O	16383	
0xA0007034	GainAutoLevelMin	R/O	0	
0xA0007048	PedestalLevelMax	R/O	2047	
0xA000704C	PedestalLevelMin	R/O	0	
0xA0007018	ClampLevelMax	R/O	1023	
0xA000701C	ClampLevelMin	R/O	0	
0xA0007080	StrobeActiveTimeMax	R/O	4000	
0xA0007084	StrobeActiveTimeMin	R/O	1	
0xA0007078	StrobeActiveDelayMax	R/O	4000	
0xA000707C	StrobeActiveDelayMin	R/O	0	
0xA00070C0	PixelGainMax	R/O	16383	
0xA00070C4	PixelGainMin	R/O	1024	

## LUTControllnq

Address	Name	Туре	UserSet Default Value	
			U100CR	5005CR
0xA0007088	LUTMax	R/O	4095	
0xA000708C	LUTMin	R/O	0	

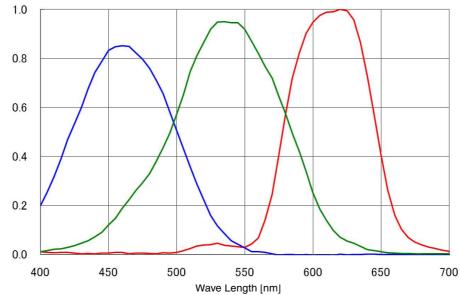
## **Specifications**

	XCG-U100CR	XCG-5005CR	
Image sensor	1/1.8-type progressive scan IT transfer CCD	2/3-type progressive scan IT transfer CCD	
Cell size	4.4 (H) × 4.4 (V) μm	3.45 (H) × 3.45 (V) μm	
Chip size	8.50 (H) × 6.80 (V) mm	9.93 (H) × 8.70 (V) mm	
Number of effective pixels	Approx. 2,000,000 1628 (H) × 1236 (V)	Approx. 5,000,000 2456 (H) × 2058 (V)	
Standard output pixels	1600 (H) × 1200 (V)	2448 (H) × 2048 (V)	
Frame rate	27 fps	15 fps	
Interface	1000BASE-T		
Transfer speed	1 Gbps		
Protocol	GigE Vision Versi	ion 1.2 Compliant	
Read method	Normal/Partial		
Image output bit length	Selectable, 1	2-/10-/8-bit	
Gain	Auto/Manua	l: 0 to 18 dB	
Gamma	Adjustable using the Lookup table		
Shutter speed	2 to 1/100,000 s		
External trigger shutter	Edge/width mode, software trigger (via 1000BASE-T), bulk trigger, sequential trigger, trigger inhibit, trigger/strobe delay		
Lens mount	C-mount		
Flange back	17.52	6 mm	
Minimum illumination	6 lx Iris: F1.4 Gain: 18 dB Shutter: 36,931 μs	6 lx Iris: F1.4 Gain: 18 dB Shutter: 66,570 μs	
Sensitivity	F5.6 (2000 lx, 0 dB)	F8 (2000 lx, 0 dB)	
Power supply	DC 12 V (10.5 to 15.0 V)	(from 12-pin connector)	
Power consumption	3.5 W 4.3 W		
Performance guaranty temperature	0 °C to 40 °C (32 °F to 104 °F)		
Operating temperature	-10 °C to +50 °C (14 °F to 122 °F)		
Storage temperature	-30 °C to +60 °C (-22 °F to +140 °F)		
Operating relative humidity	20 % to 80 % (No condensation)		
Storage relative humidity	20 % to 95 % (No condensation)		
Vibration resistance	10 G (20 Hz to 200 Hz, 20 minutes for each direction X, Y, Z)		
MTBF	Approx. 9.9 years Approx. 8.5 years		
Shock resistance	70 G		
Dimensions	44 (W) × 33 (H) × 67.5 (D) mm, not including projecting parts (1 3/4 (W) × 1 5/16 (H) × 2 3/4 (D) inches)		
Mass	Approx. 145 g (5 oz)		

# Spectral Sensitivity (Relative Response) Parameters

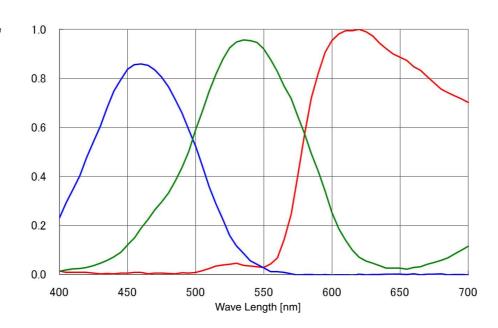
### XCG-U100CR





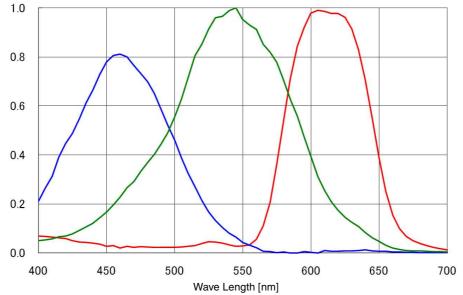
(without lens and light source parameters.)

### CCD Relative Response



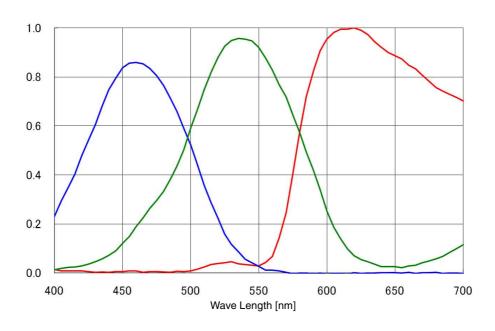
### XCG-5005CR





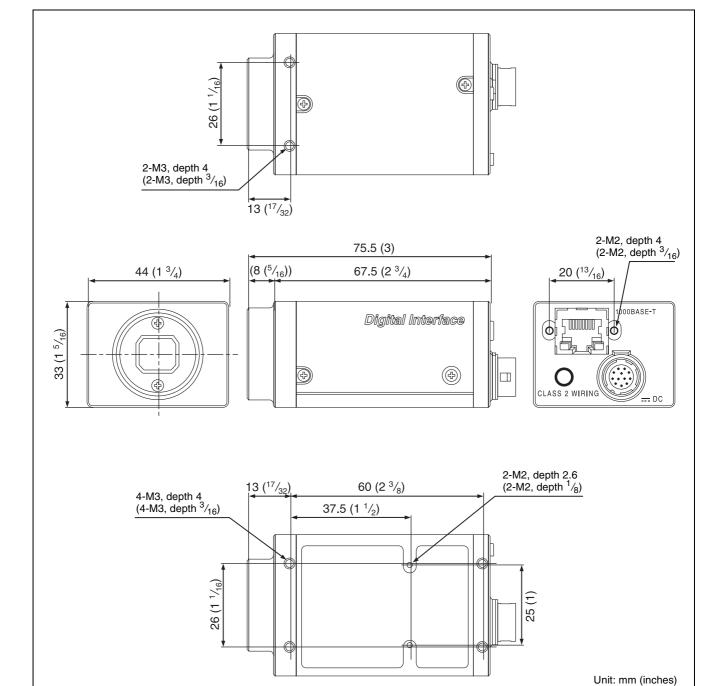
(without lens and light source parameters.)

CCD Relative Response





## **Dimensions**





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