SONY

DIGITAL VIDEO CAMERA Equipped with the Global Shutter CMOS Sensor

GigE Vision® XCG-CG Series

A new series of PoE compatible GigE Vision interface digital camera equipped with a Global Shutter CMOS Sensor.

Optimal replacement camera modules, inheriting equal size and high reliability, for CCD equipped digital and analog cameras.

Responds to high speed and high sensitivity needs unique to Global Shutter CMOS, allowing use of various features.



2/3-type 5.1 MP 23 fps
XCG-CG510 (B/W)
XCG-CG510C (Color)

1/2.9-type 1.6 MP 75 fps XCG-CG160 (B/W) XCG-CG160C (Color)

1/1.2-type 2.4 MP 41 fps XCG-CG240 (B/W) XCG-CG240C (Color)

High Frame Rate

Select either "Frame rate priority" or "Full feature available" mode.

Model name	Frame rate priority Mode 0		Full feature available Mode 1		
XCG-CG510 XCG-CG510C	8 bit	23 fps	8/10/12 bit	15 fps	
			YUV422	11 fps	
			RGB24	7 fps	
XCG-CG240 XCG-CG240C	8 bit	41 fps	8/10/12 bit	32 fps	
	10 bit	33 fps	YUV422	25 fps	
			RGB24	17 fps	
XCG-CG160 XCG-CG160C	8 bit	70 fps	8/10/12 bit	45 fps	
	10 bit	45 fps	YUV422	37 fps	
			RGB24	25 fps	

■ IEEE1588

IEEE1588 is a protocol that synchronizes the clock on the network. Exposure synchronization is possbile with several cameras via Ethernet cable.

[IEEE1588 Characteristics]

- Synchronization accuracy of sub μ seconds
- A synchronization system that isn't hardware dependent is constructible
- Composed of PTP master and slave (cameras, etc.)

Systemization simplified due to IEEE1588.

[Merits]

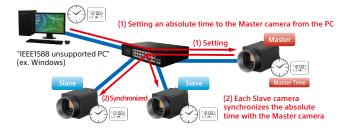
- All camera time stamps are synchronized to the master time
- \bullet Exposure synchronization in error range sub μ seconds possible without having to connect trigger lines
- The accuracy for date and time information of time stamps enhanced.
- When time synchronization starts, shooting images will be synchronized in free run with the set interval

PTP Master Feature

When using the IEEE1588 feature, a grand master and slave composition is required.

Operating 1 camera as a master in environments where a grand master cannot be prepared allows synchronization between cameras.

An arbitrary time can be set via PC.



Free Set Sequence

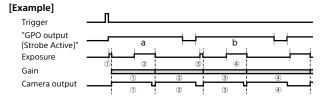
Perform exposure several times (max. 10 patterns) and GPO output with 1 trigger signal.

You can arbitrarily set the start time and length as well as the gain of the exposure and GPO output.

The set series of exposure and GPO output is counted as 1 cycle, and this cycle can be repeated.

[Merits]

 Set different lighting, exposure, and gain for each different detected subject as well as perform inspection of each detected subject



Burst Trigger

This is a feature capable of continuous shooting at the trigger timing and specifying the number of exposures, exposure interval, and exposure time.

Select from the mode that repeats one exposure time or the mode that switches between 2 exposure times repeatedly.

Furthermore, there is another mode that repeats only while the trigger signal is on.

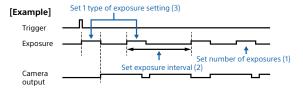
[Merits]

- Optimal for capturing synchronized images with several cameras
- Optimal when 2 exposures are necessary due to the difference in brightness of the subject

(A) When 1 pattern of exposure time is set

Set the number of exposures (1), exposure interval (2), and exposure time (3)

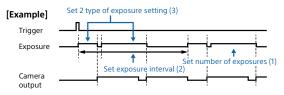
Continuous shooting at the trigger timing



(B) When 2 patterns of exposure times are set

Set the number of exposures (1), exposure interval (2), and exposure time (3)

Continuous shooting at the trigger timing



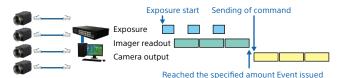
■ Bandwidth Control Feature

(1) Memory shot (when shooting continuously)

This feature allows you to save a specified amount of camera images to the camera and perform image output at your desired timing.

Optimal when requiring simultaneous exposure, but there are several cameras connected to the same network and the configuration makes the bandwidth exceed 1Gbps when operated simultaneously.

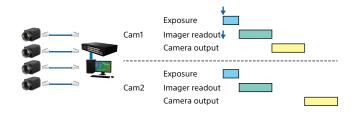
Optimal when shooting several shots.



(2) Output timing control (when shooting 1 shot with 1 trigger)

Normally, images are sequentially output when exposure ends, but the image output start timing can be delayed.

Optimal when requiring simultaneous exposure, but there are several cameras connected to the same network and the configuration makes the bandwidth exceed 1Gbps when operated simultaneously. Optimal when shooting 1 shot with single frame or trigger.



Area Gain

Individually set digital gain (0 to 32 times) to any of the 16 rectangular areas

If several rectangular areas overlap, the gain value of the rectangular area with a smaller area number is prioritized.

Optimization of images for parts is available during parts inspection, etc.

When area gain is ON

When area gain is OFF



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In case setting Gain=2 at Area 0 and Area 1

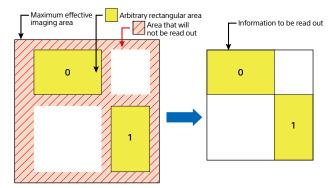
*Sample image

*Sample image

Multi ROI *Only XCG-CG160/CG160C

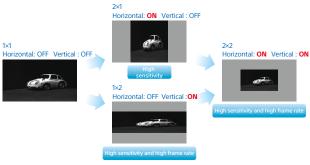
Arbitrarily read out images including any 2 (max.) rectangular area from the maximum effective imaging area.

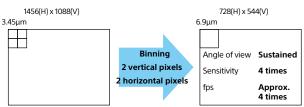
Due to this, you will be capable of limiting read out information, thus accelerating the frame rate.



Binning *only XCG-CG160

Supports binning in vertical and horizontal 2 pixel units and increases frame rate without changing the angle of view as well as enhances the sensitivity.







Pregius is a trademark of Sony Corporation. The Pregius is global shutter pixel technology for active pixel-type CMOS image sensors that use Sony's low-noise CCD structure, and realizes high picture quality.

Other Features

• Trigger Range Limitation

You can choose to receive only the signal of the set trigger width as a trigger signal.

It functions as a noise filter that eliminates chattering and disturbance noise of the trigger signal line.

Furthermore, exposure start can be delayed following the set value of the trigger range if a trigger signal is input.

• Defect Correction

Corrects white defect points and black defect points of the image sensor. Corrections start from the periphery of the pixel coordinates where defects were detected.

Select between factory default settings and user settings.

• 3 x 3 Filter

Apply various processing to the image through matrix operating in 3×3 pixels.

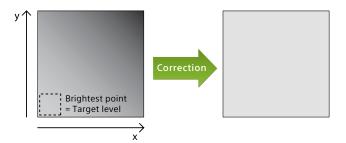
Perform processing including noise reduction, edge emphasizing, and contour extraction with 9 filter factor patterns.

• Shading Correction

Corrects shading that occurs due to peripheral light falloff, light source irregularity, etc. that are characteristics of the lens.

A number of user data can be saved as user settings.

XCG-CG510/CG510C : 9 patterns XCG-CG240/CG240C : 20 patterns XCG-CG160/CG160C : 35 patterns

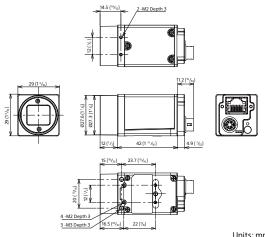


• Image Flip

Images can be flipped vertically, horizontally, or 180°.

		ReverseX			
		0	1		
ReverseY	0	Normal	Horizontal flip		
	1	Vertical flip	180° rotation		

Dimensions



Units: mm (inches)

Specifications

	5.1M GigE Vision*		2.4M Gig	E Vision®	1.6M Gig	E Vision®	
	XCG-CG510	XCG-CG510C	XCG-CG240	XCG-CG240C	XCG-CG160	XCG-CG160C	
asic Specifications				<u> </u>			
B/W / Color	B/W	Color	B/W	Color	B/W	Color	
Image Size	5.1 Mega		2.4 M	Леga	1.61	/lega	
Image Sensor	2/3-type CMOS Image sensors with a global shutter function (Pregius)			1/1.2-type CMOS Image sensors with a global shutter function (Pregius)		1/2.9-type CMOS Image sensors with a glob shutter function (Pregius)	
Number of Effective Pixels (H x V)	2,464×2,056		1,936	×1,216	1,456 x 1,088		
Cell Size (H x V)	3.45 µm >	× 3.45 μm	5.86 µm	5.86 μm × 5.86 μm		3.45 μm×3.45 μm	
Standard Output Pixels (H x V)	2,448×2,048		1,920×1,200		1,440×1,080		
Color Filter	- RGB color mosaic filter		 RGB color mosaic filter 		 RGB color mosaic filt 		
Frame Rate	23 fps (8 bit, Mono/Raw)		41 fps (8 bit, Mono/Raw) 33 fps (10 bit, Mono/Raw)		75 fps (8 bit, Mono/Raw) 45 fps (10 bit, Mono/Raw)		
Minimum Illumination	0.5 lx (Iris: F1.4, Gain: +18 dB, Shutter: 1/23 s)	10 lx (Iris: F1.4, Gain: +18 dB, Shutter: 1/23 s)	0.5 lx (Iris: F1.4, Gain: +18 dB, Shutter: 1/30 s)	10 lx (Iris: F1.4, Gain: +18 dB, Shutter: 1/30 s)	0.5 lx (Iris: F1.4, Gain: +18 dB, Shutter: 1/30 s)	12 lx (Iris: F1.4, Gain: +18 c Shutter: 1/30 s)	
Sensitivity	F8 (400 lx, Gain: 0 dB, Shutter: 1/23 s)	F8 (2000 lx, Gain: 0 dB, Shutter: 1/23 s)	F5.6 (400 lx, Gain: 0 dB, Shutter: 1/30 s)	F5.6 (2000 lx, Gain: 0 dB, Shutter: 1/30 s)	F5.6 (400 lx, Gain: 0 dB, Shutter: 1/30 s)	F5.6 (2000 lx, Gain: 0 dE Shutter: 1/30 s)	
SNR			More than 50 dB (Lens	close, Gain: 0 dB, 8 bit)			
Gain			·	: 0 dB to 18 dB			
Shutter Speed	Auto, Manual : 6	0 to 1/100,000 s		50 to 1/40.000 s	Auto, Manual : 60 to 1/100,000 s		
White Balance	-	Manual, One push,	-	Manual, One push, Auto	-	Manual, One push Auto	
amera Features							
Readout Modes	Normal, Partial scan				Normal, Binning (1x2, 2x1, 2x2), Partial scan (Multi ROI)	Normal, Partial sca (Multi ROI)	
Readout Features			arization, Gamma (Arbit				
Synchronization			lardware trigger, Softwa				
Trigger Modes), ON (Edge detection, Tr igger, Bulk trigger, Sequ				
Userset			1	6			
User Memory			64 byte	s × 16 ch			
W (Pixel)	16 to	2,464	16 to	o 1,936 16 to 1,456			
Partial Scan H (Line)	16 to 2,056		16 to 1,216		16 to 1,088		
GPO	EXPOSURE/Strobe/Sensor lead out/Trigger through/Pulse generation signal/User defined 1, 2, 3 (Output switching)					switching)	
Other Features		Area gain, Defect c	orrection, Shading corre	ction, Temperature read	lout, LUT, 3 x 3 filter		
terface							
Video Data Output	digital Mono 8, 10, 12 bit (at the time of shipment 8 bit)	digital Raw 8, 10, 12 bit (at the time of shipment Raw 8 bit) RGB, YUV422, YUV444	digital Mono 8, 10, 12 bit (at the time of shipment 8 bit)	digital Raw 8, 10, 12 bit (at the time of shipment Raw 8 bit) RGB, YUV422, YUV444	digital Mono 8, 10, 12 bit (at the time of shipment 8 bit)	digital Raw 8, 10, 12 bit (at the time of shipment Raw 8 bir RGB, YUV422, YUV4	
Digital Interface			Gigabit Ethernet (100	OBASE-T/100BASE-TX)			
Camera Specification			GigE Vision® \	ersion 2.0/1.2			
Digital I/O	ISO IN (x1), TTL IN/OUT (x2, selectable)				ISO IN (x1), ISO OUT (x1), TTL IN/OUT (x1, selectable)		
eneral							
Lens Mount				ount			
Flange Back				6 mm			
Power Requirements			C +12 V (10.5 V to 15.0 V)	` <u> </u>			
Power Consumption	DC+12V 3.0 W (max.) IEEE802.3af 3.7 W (max.)		DC+12V 3.0 W (max.) IEEE802.3af 3.6 W (max.)		DC+12V 3.3 W (max.) IEEE802.3af 4.0 W (max.)		
Operating Temperature	-5°C to +45°C (23°F to 113°F)						
Performance Guarantee			0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F)			
Temperature							
Storage Temperature	-30°C to +60°C (-22°F to +140°F)						
Operating Humidity	20% to 80% (no condensation)						
Storage Humidity	20% to 95% (no condensation) 10 G (20 Hz to 200 Hz 20 minutes for each direction -x, y, z)						
Vibration Resistance		10 G	•		, y, z)		
Shock Resistance) G	, , ,		
Dimensions (W x H x D)	29 × 29 × 42 mm (excluding protrusions) 13/16 × 13/16 × 111/16 inches (excluding protrusion)						
Mass	Approx. 65 g (Approx. 2.3 oz)						
MTBF Regulations	62,042 hours (Approx. 7.1 years) 63,172 hours (Approx. 7.2 years) 58,525 hours (Approx. 6.7 years) UL60950-1, FCC Class A, CSA C22.2-No.60950-1, IC Class A Digital Device, CE : EN61326 (Class A), AS EMC: EN61326-1, VCCI Class A,						
3	KCC, CISPR22/24+IEC610	000-3-2/-3					
Supplied Accessories			1	erating instructions (1)			

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